

Section 1. Section **20A-7-501** is amended to read:

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26	20A-7-501. Initiatives Signature requirements Time requirements.
27	(1) As used in this section:
28	(a) "Number of active voters" means the number of active voters in the county, city, or
29	town on the immediately preceding January 1.
30	(b) "Voter participation area" means an area described in Subsection 20A-7-401.3(1)(a)
31	or (2)(b).
32	(2) An eligible voter seeking to have an initiative submitted to a local legislative body
33	or to a vote of the people for approval or rejection shall obtain legal signatures equal to:
34	(a) for a county of the first class:
35	(i) $[7.75\%]$ 6.25% of the number of active voters in the county; and
36	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 7.75%] 6.25% of the number of active voters in at
37	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
38	(b) for a metro township with a population of 100,000 or more, or a city of the first
39	class:
40	(i) $[7.5\%]$ 6% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
41	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 7.5%] 6% of the number of active voters in at least
42	75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
43	(c) for a county of the second class:
44	(i) $[8\%]$ 6.5% of the number of active voters in the county; and
45	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 8%] 6.5% of the number of active voters in at least
46	75% of the county's voter participation areas;
47	(d) for a metro township with a population of 65,000 or more but less than 100,000, or
48	a city of the second class:
49	(i) $[8.25\%]$ 6.75% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
50	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 8.25%] 6.75% of the number of active voters in at
51	least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
52	(e) for a county of the third class:
53	(i) $[9.5\%]$ 7.75% of the number of active voters in the county; and
54	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 9.5%] 7.75% of the number of active voters in at
55	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
56	(f) for a metro township with a population of 30,000 or more but less than 65,000, or a

57	city of the third class:
58	(i) $[10\%]$ 8% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
59	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 10%] 8% of the number of active voters in at least
60	75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
61	(g) for a county of the fourth class:
62	(i) $[\frac{11.5\%}{9.25\%}]$ of the number of active voters in the county; and
63	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 11.5%] 9.25% of the number of active voters in at
64	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
65	(h) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 30,000, or a
66	city of the fourth class:
67	(i) $[\frac{11.5\%}{9.25\%}]$ of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
68	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 11.5%] 9.25% of the number of active voters in at
69	least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
70	(i) for a metro township with a population of 1,000 or more but less than 10,000, a city
71	of the fifth class, or a county of the fifth class, $[25\%]$ 20% of the number of active voters in the
72	metro township, city, or county; or
73	(j) for a metro township with a population of less than 1,000, a town, or a county of the
74	sixth class, $[35\%]$ 28% of the number of active voters in the metro township, town, or county.
75	(3) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet equals or
76	exceeds the number of names required by this section, the clerk or recorder shall deliver the
77	proposed law to the local legislative body at the local legislative body's next meeting.
78	(4) (a) The local legislative body shall either adopt or reject the proposed law without
79	change or amendment within 30 days after the day on which the local legislative body receives
80	the proposed law under Subsection (3).
81	(b) The local legislative body may:
82	(i) adopt the proposed law and refer the proposed law to the people;
83	(ii) adopt the proposed law without referring the proposed law to the people; or
84	(iii) reject the proposed law.
85	(c) If the local legislative body adopts the proposed law but does not refer the proposed
86	law to the people, the proposed law is subject to referendum as with other local laws.

(d) (i) If a county legislative body rejects a proposed law, or takes no action on a

- proposed law, the county clerk shall submit the proposed law to the voters of the county at the next regular general election immediately after the petition for the proposed law is filed under Section 20A-7-502.
- (ii) If a local legislative body of a municipality rejects a proposed law, or takes no action on a proposed law, the municipal recorder or clerk shall submit the proposed law to the voters of the municipality at the next municipal general election immediately after the petition is filed under Section 20A-7-502.
- (e) (i) If a local legislative body rejects a proposed law, or takes no action on a proposed law, the local legislative body may adopt a competing local law.
- (ii) The local legislative body shall prepare and adopt the competing local law within the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (iii) If a local legislative body adopts a competing local law, the clerk or recorder shall refer the competing local law to the voters of the county or municipality at the same election at which the initiative proposal is submitted under Subsection (4)(d).
- (f) If conflicting local laws are submitted to the people at the same election and two or more of the conflicting measures are approved by the people, the measure that receives the greatest number of affirmative votes shall control all conflicts.
 - Section 2. Section **20A-7-601** is amended to read:
- 20A-7-601. Referenda -- General signature requirements -- Signature requirements for land use laws and subjurisdictional laws -- Time requirements.
 - (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Number of active voters" means the number of active voters in the county, city, or town on the immediately preceding January 1.
- (b) "Subjurisdiction" means an area comprised of all precincts and subprecincts in the jurisdiction of a county, city, or town that are subject to a subjurisdictional law.
- (c) (i) "Subjurisdictional law" means a local law or local obligation law passed by a local legislative body that imposes a tax or other payment obligation on property in an area that does not include all precincts and subprecincts under the jurisdiction of the county, city, town, or metro township.
 - (ii) "Subjurisdictional law" does not include a land use law.
- (d) "Voter participation area" means an area described in Subsection 20A-7-401.3(1)(a)

119	or (2)(b).
120	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (4), an eligible voter seeking to have a local
121	law passed by the local legislative body submitted to a vote of the people shall obtain legal
122	signatures equal to:
123	(a) for a county of the first class:
124	(i) $[7.75\%]$ 6.25% of the number of active voters in the county; and
125	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 7.75%] 6.25% of the number of active voters in at
126	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
127	(b) for a metro township with a population of 100,000 or more, or a city of the first
128	class:
129	(i) $[7.5\%]$ $\underline{6\%}$ of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
130	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 7.5%] 6% of the number of active voters in at least
131	75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
132	(c) for a county of the second class:
133	(i) $[8\%]$ 6.5% of the number of active voters in the county; and
134	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 8%] 6.5% of the number of active voters in at least
135	75% of the county's voter participation areas;
136	(d) for a metro township with a population of 65,000 or more but less than 100,000, or
137	a city of the second class:
138	(i) $[8.25\%]$ 6.75% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
139	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 8.25%] 6.75% of the number of active voters in at
140	least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
141	(e) for a county of the third class:
142	(i) $[9.5\%]$ 7.75% of the number of active voters in the county; and
143	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 9.5%] 7.75% of the number of active voters in at
144	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
145	(f) for a metro township with a population of 30,000 or more but less than 65,000, or a
146	city of the third class:
147	(i) $[10\%]$ 8% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
148	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 10%] 8% of the number of active voters in at least

75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;

150	(g) for a county of the fourth class:
151	(i) $[11.5\%]$ 9.25% of the number of active voters in the county; and
152	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 11.5%] 9.25% of the number of active voters in at
153	least 75% of the county's voter participation areas;
154	(h) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 30,000, or a
155	city of the fourth class:
156	(i) $[\frac{11.5\%}{9.25\%}]$ of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
157	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 11.5%] 9.25% of the number of active voters in at
158	least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
159	(i) for a metro township with a population of 1,000 or more but less than 10,000, a city
160	of the fifth class, or a county of the fifth class, $[25\%]$ 20% of the number of active voters in the
161	metro township, city, or county; or
162	(j) for a metro township with a population of less than 1,000, a town, or a county of the
163	sixth class, [35%] 28% of the number of active voters in the metro township, town, or county.
164	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an eligible voter seeking to have a land use
165	law or local obligation law passed by the local legislative body submitted to a vote of the
166	people shall obtain legal signatures equal to:
167	(a) for a county [of the first, second, third, or fourth class]:
168	(i) $[16\%]$ 13% of the number of active voters in the county; and
169	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 16%] 13% of the number of active voters in at least
170	75% of the county's voter participation areas;
171	[(b) for a county of the fifth or sixth class:]
172	[(i) 16% of the number of active voters in the county; and]
173	[(ii) beginning on January 1, 2020, 16% of the number of active voters in at least 75%
174	of the county's voter participation areas;]
175	[(c)] (b) for a metro township with a population of 100,000 or more, or a city of the
176	first class:
177	(i) $[15\%]$ $\underline{12\%}$ of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and
178	(ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 15%] 12% of the number of active voters in at least
179	75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas;
180	[(d)] (c) for a metro township with a population of 65,000 or more but less than

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181 100,000, or a city of the second class: 182 (i) [16%] 12.75% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and 183 (ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 16%] 12.75% of the number of active voters in at 184 least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas; 185 [(e)] (d) for a metro township with a population of 30,000 or more but less than 186 65,000, or a city of the third class: 187 (i) [27.5%] 22% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and (ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 27.5%] 22% of the number of active voters in at 188 189 least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas; 190 [(f)] (e) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 30,000, 191 or a city of the fourth class: 192 (i) $[\frac{29\%}{3}]$ 23.25% of the number of active voters in the metro township or city; and 193 (ii) [beginning on January 1, 2020, 29%] 23.25% of the number of active voters in at least 75% of the metro township's or city's voter participation areas; 194 195 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (f) for a metro township with a population of 1,000 or more but less than 10,000, 196 or a city of the fifth class, [35%] 28% of the number of active voters in the metro township or 197 city; or 198 [(h)] (g) for a metro township with a population of less than 1,000 or a town, [40%] 199 32% of the number of active voters in the metro township or town. 200 (4) A person seeking to have a subjurisdictional law passed by the local legislative body submitted to a vote of the people shall obtain legal signatures of the residents in the 201 202 subjurisdiction equal to: 203 (a) [10%] 8% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number of 204 active voters exceeds 25,000; (b) [12-1/2%] 10% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number 205 206 of active voters does not exceed 25,000 but is more than 10,000; 207 (c) [15%] 12% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number of active voters does not exceed 10,000 but is more than 2,500; 208 209 (d) [20%] 16% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number of

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(e) [25%] 20% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number of

active voters does not exceed 2,500 but is more than 500;

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- active voters does not exceed 500 but is more than 250; and
- 213 (f) [30%] 24% of the number of active voters in the subjurisdiction if the number of active voters does not exceed 250.
 - (5) Sponsors of any referendum petition challenging, under Subsection (2), (3), or (4), any local law passed by a local legislative body shall file the application before 5 p.m. within seven days after the day on which the local law was passed.
 - (6) Nothing in this section authorizes a local legislative body to impose a tax or other payment obligation on a subjurisdiction in order to benefit an area outside of the subjurisdiction.